NOTICE OF KEY DECISION



Agenda Item

MEETING: CABINET

OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

DATE: 27 NOVEMBER 2013

4 DECEMBER 2013

SUBJECT: CORPORATE FINANCIAL MONITORING REPORT -

APRIL 2013 TO SEPTEMBER 2013

REPORT FROM: DEPUTY LEADER OF THE COUNCIL AND CABINET

MEMBER FOR FINANCE & CORPORATE AFFAIRS

CONTACT OFFICER: STEVE KENYON, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF

RESOURCES (FINANCE & EFFICIENCY)

TYPE OF DECISION: CABINET (KEY DECISION)

FREEDOM OF

INFORMATION/STATUS:

This paper is within the public domain

SUMMARY: The report informs Members of the Council's financial

position for the period to September 2013 and projects

the likely outturn at the end of 2013/14.

The report also includes Prudential Indicators in

accordance with CIPFA's Prudential Code.

OPTIONS &

RECOMMENDED OPTION

Members are asked to note the financial position of the Council as at 30 September 2013, and to approve the

s151 officer's assessment of the minimum level of

balances.

IMPLICATIONS:

Corporate Aims/Policy

Framework:

Do the proposals accord with Policy

Framework? Yes.

Statement by the s151 Officer: The report has been prepared in accordance

with all relevant Codes of Practice.

There may be risks arising from remedial action taken to address the budget position; these will be identified by Directors at the quarterly Star Chamber meetings.

Statement by Executive Director of Resources:

Successful budget monitoring provides early warning of potential major overspends or underspends against budgets which Members need to be aware of.

This report draws attention to the fact that, based on the most prudent of forecasts, several budget hotspots exist which will need remedial action.

Members and officers will be examining these areas in more detail at the Star Chambers.

This report is particularly significant as it informs Members of the baseline financial position from which the Council sets its 2014/15 budget.

Equality/Diversity implications: No

Considered by Monitoring Officer: Budget monitoring falls within the

appropriate statutory duties and powers and is a requirement of the Council's Financial Regulations to which Financial Regulation B: Financial Planning 4.3. (Budget Monitoring and Control) relates. The report has been prepared in accordance with all relevant

Codes of Practice.

Are there any legal implications? Yes

Wards Affected: All

Scrutiny Interest: Overview & Scrutiny Committee

TRACKING/PROCESS ASSISTANT DIRECTOR: Steve Kenyon

Chief Executive/ Strategic Leadership Team	Cabinet	Overview & Scrutiny Committee	Council	Ward Members	Partners
11/11/13	27/11/13	4/12/13			

1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This report informs Members of the forecast outturn for 2013/14, based upon current spend for the period to September 2013, in respect of the revenue budget, capital budget and the Housing Revenue Account.
- 1.2 Projections are based on current trends, information, and professional judgement from service managers and finance staff.
- 1.3 The revenue budget projections highlight the fact that budget pressures do still exist in some key areas and it will be necessary to continue to examine options for improving the situation further.

2.0 BUDGET MONITORING PROCESSES

- 2.1 Reports are presented quarterly to facilitate close monitoring of spend and implementation of action plans during the year.
- 2.2 Reports are also presented to the Strategic Leadership Team on a monthly basis. Detailed monitoring information will also be discussed at Star Chamber meetings during the year.
- 2.3 It is intended that improvements will continue to be made to the budget monitoring process, building on the significant developments implemented over the past few years.

3.0 SUMMARY OF REVENUE BUDGET POSITION

3.1 The table below outlines the annual budget and forecast outturn based upon known factors and the professional views of service managers as at month 6:

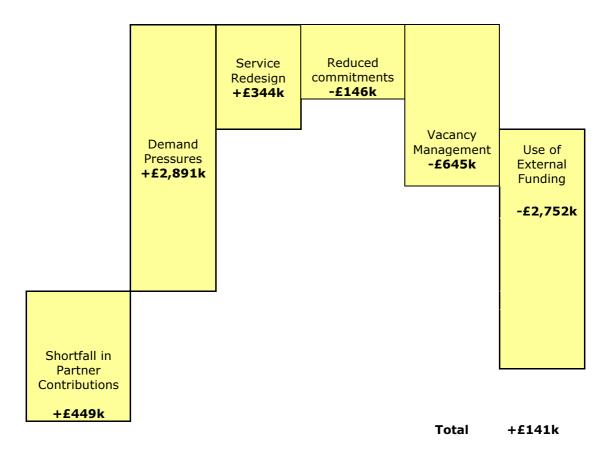
Department	Budget £000	Forecast £000	Variance £000
Adult Care Services	53,047	53,188	+141
Chief Executives	4,438	5,071	+633
Children's Services	32,189	32,777	+588
Communities & Neighbourhoods	36,315	36,476	+161
Non-Service Specific	22,618	21,791	-827
TOTAL	148,607	149,303	+696

- 3.2 The projected overspend of **£0.696m** represents approximately **0.47%** of the total net budget of £148.607m.
- 3.3 Members need to be aware that financial reporting involves an element of judgement, and this particularly applies to the treatment of budget pressures. Often an area of overspending identified at this point in the year will resolve itself before the end of the year following appropriate remedial action.
- 3.4 However it is felt appropriate to alert Members to potential problems at this stage so that they can monitor the situation and take ownership of the necessary remedial action and this is the basis on which the report is written.

4.0 SERVICE SPECIFIC FINANCIAL MONITORING

4.1 ADULT CARE SERVICES

- 4.1.1 The current projected overspend for Adult Care Services is $\pmb{\pounds 0.141m}$, which is 0.27% of the Department's net budget of £53.047m. This is a similar position to the outturn position for 2012/13, which was £0.103m overspent.
- 4.1.2 Reasons for major variations are illustrated in the chart below;



4.1.3 Further details by service area are outlined below, along with remedial action being taken.

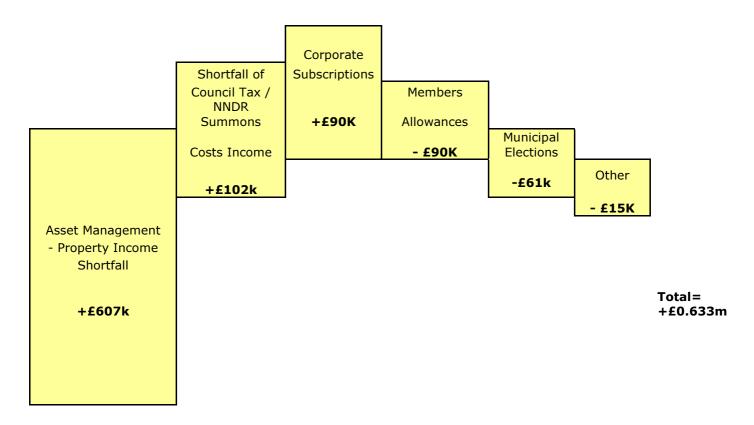
Activity	Variance £'000	Reason	Action Being Taken
Shortfall in partner contributions	+449	Partner funding	A number of the services being reviewed will depend on contributions from Health and other partners to continue or increase. The rationale for this is that the outcomes from those services are significantly linked with health outcomes and therefore jointly or fully funded by Health. Negotiations are ongoing, still to be finalised.
Care in the	+2,891 in	Demand	A range of preventative strategies
Community:	total	Pressures,	continue to be introduced to manage

	broken down as:	especially re: personal budgets/	this demand, such as reablement, triage, improved screening, 'signposting', and crisis response as
Older People	+989	supported living	well as a programme of training for front line staff around efficient support
Adults with Physical Disabilities	+,1036	numbers (residential care numbers are reducing)	package planning. In addition, all existing high & medium cost care packages are kept under regular review. Adult Care's Procurement Team efficiencies contribute
Adults with Learning Disabilities	+611		significantly to keeping spending levels down. Non-recurring health funding is being used in initiatives that should help to reduce the rate of increase of
Adults with Mental Health needs	+271		demand, which will be monitored as part of the evaluation process. However, the full benefits of these measures will not appear until future years. 2013/14 shortfall being met by
Adults with Substance Misuse needs	-16		offsetting savings in other service areas.
Strategic Housing Unit	+108	Historical shortfall in Partner Contribution	Options for addressing this are still under evaluation and should be implemented during 2013/14, to become effective during 2014/15.
Service redesign options	+236	Income shortfall; service redesigns not fully implemented during 2013/14	A full service review is underway for the Integrated Community Equipment Store, which will determine its future operating structure. The pressure in relation to Seedfield will remain until the full corporate review is completed. In the meantime, the overspend will be met temporarily from other areas.
Reduced commitments	-146k	Reduced commitments	There are a number of areas where current projections of social care support are under budget, an example of this is the take up of carers personal budgets. In future this commitment will be used to offset the carers support provided from within the community care budget.
Staff Vacancies	-645k	Vacancy Management	Combination of gradual recruitment into services recently subject to major restructures, and deliberate holding back in recruiting into non-front line vacancies. There is no correlation between vacancy levels in services and sickness rates.

Use of Health monies and grant funding	-2,752k	Funding from health monies and grant funding	Adult Care Specific Grants and a contribution of the Health monies towards the demand pressures within Community Care are ensuring that the net expenditure is balanced in year. Future actions around service redesign and invest to save initiatives will ensure that there is reduced reliance in future on grants and short term solutions to the ongoing issue of demand management. The Government has recognised that the reforms within the Health Service will impact significantly upon the activity of Adult Social Care, and future

4.2 CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S DEPARTMENT

- 4.2.1 The Chief Executive's Department is forecasting an overall overspend of £0.633m, or 14.3% of a net budget of £4.438m.
- 4.2.2 Reasons for major variations are illustrated in the chart below;



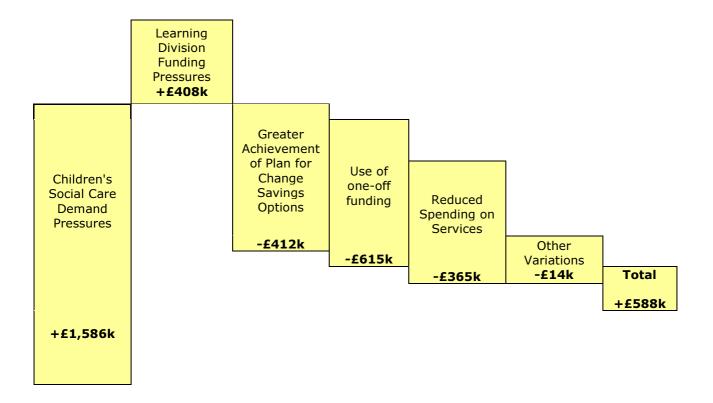
4.2.3 Property Services remains the most significant pressure facing the Department, off-set by other savings, as follows;

Activity	Variance £'000	Reason	Action Being Taken
Property Services	+607	Shortfall in income due to reduced occupancy levels.	Although most of the units at Bradley Fold that were vacated in 2011/12 have now been relet, rents are significantly lower than what were achieved before the economic downturn. A number of units which were previously let are in the process of being demolished owing to their poor condition. A business case for the construction of new accommodation is being developed. The accounts for the Mill Gate Centre have been scrutinised in detail to ensure that all monies properly due to the Council are being paid and this will be an ongoing process.
Corporate Subscriptions	+90	Payments to AGMA are forecast to overspend by £90,000 in 2013/14 (compared with £70,000 in 2012/13). The increase of £20,000 is mainly due to the "Public Sector Reform" element of the subscription.	Monitoring of the value obtained to the Council from the AGMA subscription compared with the cost.
Summons Costs	+102	Summons costs income for council tax and business rates are forecast to underrecover against historically high income budget targets.	Internal measures being taken to improve the income recovery rate.
Members Allowances	-90	Reductions in the level of Special Responsibility Allowances paid to Members continue to result in this forecasted underspend.	To be used to assist in reducing the estimated overspend within the department.
Municipal Elections	-61	No local elections in 2013, a 'fallow' year.	Currently reviewing the underspend to reduce budgets in years that we have local elections.

Other	-15	Various minor	To be used to assi	st in
Variations		underspends	reducing the esti	mated
			overspend within	the
			department.	

4.3 CHILDREN'S SERVICES

- 4.3.1 The Children's Services budget is currently projecting an overspend of £0.588m, or 1.83% based on net budget of £32.189m.
- 4.3.2 Reasons for major variations are illustrated in the chart below;



4.3.3 Further details of the major variations are provided in the table below:

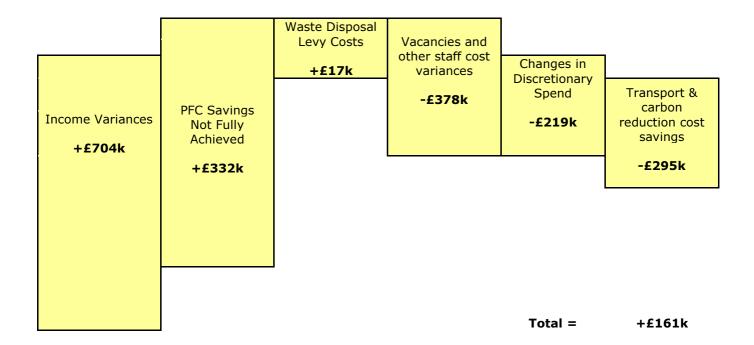
Activity	Variance £'000	Reason	Action Being Taken
Social Care Demand Pressures	+1,586 Made up of:		
Leaving Care	+440	Spending on housing and further education of 19+ students who have now left our care	Spending on housing for children with complex needs and those living in semi-independent placements has increased by £485,000. The semi-independent placements cost between £40,000 and £50,000 each for a full year.
Demand pressures - Children's Agency Placements	+1,146	Continuing increased Demand	The continuing overspend has decreased from the projected £2million+ overspending during the corresponding period in 2012/13.
			A range of preventative strategies have been/are being introduced to try to minimise future spending, with all high and medium cost care packages being rigorously reviewed. It is estimated that during the forthcoming months this overspend will continue to reduce the cost burden on this highly volatile budget.
			However, there is no guarantee that the total expenditure will be reduced as unknown future demand pressures could have a significant impact on the budget.
			Children's Services constantly strive to minimise the costs of each placement, which are amongst the lowest in the northwest, but it is extremely difficult to contain a budget that is subject to such significant and variable demand pressures.

Activity	Variance £'000	Reason	Action Being Taken
Learning Division Funding Pressures	+408 Made up of:		
SEN Home to School Transport	+221	Increased demand and slow take-up of a new service	Increased numbers of pupils with more complex needs require individual bespoke transport provision.
SEN Home to College Transport	+117	Increased demand and loss of external funding	Increased numbers of students are attending local colleges on a daily basis, rather than attending residential provision in other areas, thereby increasing transport costs paid for by the authority. Any savings in education costs benefit the Dedicated Schools Grant. In addition, specific external
			funding became unavailable in the previous financial year
Youth Service	+70	There is an ongoing shortfall on the salary budget, an increase in the rates bill and computer software licences.	The 2013/14 overspending is being funded by savings from elsewhere within the Learning Division (see below)
Strategic Management	-412	Further maximisation of external grant funding as part of the Plan for Change arrangements	Financial arrangements have been put in place to ensure adequate funding is made available for children and young people with Special Educational Needs.

Activity	Variance £'000	Reason	Action Being Taken
Use of Previous Year's Monies	-615	Previous years' underspending of external grant monies brought forward	During 2012/13 Children's Services took action to reduce spending in particular areas, including many supported by external grants as well as utilising underspendings on some externally funded schemes that now no longer exist. These unspent monies were brought forward into 2013/14 and are being used to offset some of the demand pressures afflicting the department.
Reduced Spending on	-365		
Services	Made up of:		
Connexions	-42	Underspend due to maternity leave not being covered.	The reduced spending is being used to contribute to the forecasted overspending in the Youth Service
School Attendance	-40	Increased income and staff changes	Projecting an underspending as a result of penalty notice income, additional buy-back of service by schools and a member of staff reducing their working hours.
Early Years including Children's Centres	-150	Non-filling of staff vacancies and reduced spending	The forecast underspend is based on 2012/13 spending levels and will require Early Years and associated children's centres to maintain this level of spending.
Various other services	-133	Non-filling of staff vacancies and reduced spending	To be used to assist in reducing the estimated overspend within the department.
Other Variations	-14	Various minor underspends	To be used to assist in reducing the estimated overspend within the department.

4.4 COMMUNITIES AND NEIGHBOURHOODS

- 4.41 The department is currently projecting an overspend of **£0.161m**, or 0.44% of the latest net expenditure budget of £36.315m.
- 4.4.2 Reasons for major variations are illustrated in the chart below



4.4.3 Further details of the variances are provided in the table below;

Activity	Variance £'000	Reason	Action Being Taken
Income variances	+704	Grant funding of arts salaries (£26k).	Use to offset overspends.
		Library income shortfalls £87k.	Reduce spend levels (see below); Review level of service provision required by schools in light of reduced buy-back.
		Shortfall in pest control & licensing income, net of one-off income re scrap metal licences £33k.	Review costs & fees; offset by other savings.
		Planning & Building regulations income shortfall reduced to £22k following receipt of income for a number of major applications.	Budget adjustment of £137k in 2013/14; limit expenditure.
		Parking & enforcement income shortfall increased to £227k, offset by refund re Millgate car park	reductions in spend to limit

		(£103k).	position.
		Shortfall on s38 and other highways income £34k.	Monitor income levels and adjust expenditure & targets where possible.
		Reduced income at leisure centres and Civic Halls £162k.	Continue to market & promote services, assess income from events and costs incurred. Use other underspends to meet shortfall.
		Shortfalls on income for bulky waste £47k and trade waste £169k income.	Offset by spend reductions (see below).
		Emergency & security service exceeding surplus targets (£30k).	Maintain income levels & control spend.
		Other income variances on trading services & depot £82k.	Will reduce when Fernhill operations relocate to Bradley Fold & surplus premises are disposed of. Ongoing monitoring of the achievement of income levels and progress on completion of works assumed in budget forecasts; implementation of measures to improve efficiency. Offset by underspends elsewhere in the department.
PFC savings not fully achieved	+332	Libraries - phase 1 staff savings not fully implemented £36k.	Offset by savings from vacancies and meet full PFC target in phase 2.
		Highways - delay in staffing changes £11k and management restructure £30k; unlikely to achieve school crossing patrol income target £50k.	as possible; use savings from
		Shortfall on income from highways permits (GMRAPS) and coring £105k.	Monitor income levels following implementation and review resources allocated to GMRAPS.
		Destination management - £40k from rescheduled introduction of proposals.	
		Planning £9k from delays in implementing the planned changes.	
			Monitor income levels and

	T	T	T
		Shortfall on revised income target at CLC café £10k.	review options for improving net income.
		Parks/grounds maintenance £41k from delays in implementing the planned changes.	Introduction of changes now underway; restrict other expenditure to offset overspend.
Increases in waste disposal levy costs	+17	Forecast extra waste disposal levy charges - residual & recycling waste tonnage not achieving targets. The overspend has reduced significantly from month 3 following a reduction in the tonnages of household, trade and street cleaning waste, but there is still a shortfall from targets for glasses/cans/bottles and paper.	Continue to promote recycling activity, including regulatory activity as approved by Cabinet in Sept; reduce residual waste by introducing recycling bins for litter and encourage recycling for commercial waste customers & school kitchens.
Severance, vacancies and other staff cost variances	-378	One off severance costs £202k, partly offset by provision in budget for severance costs (£200k).	Spend is one-off to achieve planned savings longer term.
cost variances		Library posts held vacant in preparation for PFC savings (£126k).	Use savings to offset overspends.
		Grounds Maintenance staff cost over budget £35k due to cover for sickness.	Reduction in spend on grounds & other areas to minimise impact.
		Salary savings in Environment (£30k) and Planning (£38k). Underspendings on Waste Management employees (£84k), and Transport services staff costs & overtime (£49k).	Use savings to reduce net loss of income.
		Savings on staff costs/overtime in Architectural Practice (£19k).	Reduces pressure from reduced income levels.
		Underspends on management & administration staffing (£42k). Other minor variances (£27k).	Reduced overheads chargeable to front line and trading services.
Reduced discretionary spend	-219	Adult Learning – overspends on exam fees, utility costs and supplies £33k.	Partly offset by salary savings.
		Underspend on library supplies to offset income shortfall (£23k).	
		Additional costs for AGMA units £27k.	

		Increase in cost of parking enforcement contract (based on RPI) £25k. Saving on traffic management costs (£20k).	Currently working with other authorities on new framework for contract renewal from April 2014.
		Underspend on caddy liners (£182k). Contribution to set up costs £71k for recycling improvement plan approved at Cabinet Sept 2013. Increase in anticipated leaf clear costs following recent tender £55k Amended forecast of bulking up charges for garden waste (£52k).	
		Underspends on supplies for grounds maintenance operations (£50k).	
		Reduced office supplies & expenses (£27k) and underspend on unallocated budgets in DCN contingency account (£111k).	Use savings to offset overspends.
		Other minor variances £35k, including potential planning enquiry costs.	
Premises, transport & CRC cost	-295	Car parks underspend on rates and surface water drainage costs (£43k).	
savings		Waste management transport & fuel costs exceeding budget £38k.	
		Cost of CRC allowances below budget provision (£103k).	
		Updated estimate of part year saving from vacating Castle Buildings & Athenaeum House as part of office accommodation moves (£72k).	
		Part year savings from Fernhill move to Bradley Fold (£35k). Underspends on transport repairs, hire & leasing costs (£104k). Other variances £24k.	

4.4 NON-SERVICE SPECIFIC

4.5.1 There is a forecast net underspend of £0.827m, or 3.66% based on net budget of £22.618m. This relates primarily to the Council's Treasury Management activity (see section 8.0, page 20 for further details) and an increased dividend of £400,000 due to the revaluation of Manchester Airport on the acquisition of Stansted Airport.

5.0 CAPITAL BUDGET

5.1 Capital Programme

5.1.1 The revised budget and the estimated working budget for the Capital Programme 2013/14 at Q2 is shown in the table below:

2013/14	£m
Original Capital Programme	16.483
Approved Slippage from 2012/13	13.772
In year additions and other contributions	6.583
Revised Budget for Year 2013/14	36.838
Re-profiled projects into 2014/15	(11.928)
Estimated working Budget for Year at Quarter 2	24.910

- 5.1.2 The expenditure and funding profile for the Capital Programme together with a detailed breakdown of the Original Approved Programme, the Revised Estimate, Forecast Outturn, Actual Spend up to end of Month 6 and the estimated under/overspend of the capital programme for 2013/14 is shown in Appendix A.
- 5.1.3 Members should note that given the complexity and size of some of the larger schemes currently in the Council's Capital Programme the information received from budget holders can vary significantly from one quarterly report to the next and should be read in this context.
- 5.1.4 At the end of Quarter 2 a total of **£11.928m** of the 2013/14 Revised Budget has been identified for re-profiling into the 2014/15:

Re-profiled schemes 2013/14	£m	Funding source
Chief Executive: Radcliffe TC redevelopment, Opportunity purchases	0.324	Council loan
Children Services: Modernisation, Devolved formula Capital	9.738	Grant
Adult Care Services: Mental Health, Empty Properties	0.360	Council loan / Grant
Adult Care Services: GM Green Deal and Eco Deliver Partnership	1.200	Council loan
Communities and Neighbourhoods: Traffic management and parking	0.306	Grant / Capital Receipts
Total re-profiled schemes at Quarter 2	11.928	

5.1.5 This position may change by the end of next quarter and throughout the rest of the year as more information on the details of the actual progress of the schemes becomes available.

5.2 Expenditure

- 5.2.1 The Forecast Outturn as at Month 6 is **£24.890m** and Budget Managers have reported that they expect to spend up to this amount by 31 March 2014.
- 5.2.2 The actual expenditure realised by the end of Month 6 is reported at a total of **£6.252m.**
- 5.2.3 The main areas of spend in the first quarter relate to:

•	Property Redevelopment Schemes -	£0.608m
•	Children's Services -	£2.288m
•	Planning Schemes -	£0.240m
•	Highways Schemes -	£0.464m
•	Leisure Services Projects -	£0.125m
•	Disabled Facilities grants private sector -	£0.218m
•	Housing Public Sector schemes -	£0.951m
•	Disabled Facilities Adaptations public sector -	£0.208m

5.3 Variances

- 5.3.1 Appendix A gives details of variances for each scheme based on latest available information and at Month 6 it shows a minimal projected underspend from the final working estimate for the year of £0.020m. The individual variances within this figure are mostly made out of timing differences and it is expected that they will be resolved as the programme progresses into the second half of the financial year.
- 5.3.2 Brief reasons for all variances are also provided in Appendix A.

5.4 Funding

- 5.4.1 The funding profile included in Appendix A shows the resources available to cover the capital programme during 2013/14.
- 5.4.2 The principal source of funding for Capital schemes approved for the 2013/14 programme is from in year external grants and contributions. External resources were also carried forward from previous years and available to finance re-profiled schemes.
- 5.4.3 The Council and Cabinet have approved Invest to Save schemes that are supported by the Council's own resources of £2.5m for the year and Corporate Redevelopment Projects that rely on future capital receipts of £1.9m.
- 5.4.4 The updated position for capital receipts and borrowing required to support the programme at the end of Month 6 is reported below. The figures in the table show the funding requirement for the total revised capital programme and the expected resources from the Council at the end of Quarter 2 of the year.

2013/14 Use of Council Resources for Capital Investment	£m
Revised Capital Programme for the year	36.838
Less external funding and contributions	(30.214)
Balance of programme relying on Council resources funded by	6.624
Use of Capital receipts	0.762
Use of Prudential Borrowing for 2013/14 approved Invest to Save schemes	2.866
Use of Prudential Borrowing for schemes approved in 2013/14 from Capital receipts (not realised by March	4 202
Use of Prudential Borrowing for the 2012/13 schemes re-profiled and brought forward	1.382
Total Council Resources to be used to support the Capital Budget for Year	6.624

- 5.4.5 The actual amount of Council resources required to fund the estimated working budget and achieved expenditure at 31st March 2014 will be reduced with the reprofiled schemes into 2014/15.
- 5.4.6 At Quarter 2 of 2013/14 the total capital receipts needed to finance the programme is estimated at £0.286m and Prudential borrowing at £4.372m.

5.5 Capital Programme Monitoring

5.5.1 The programme will continue to be monitored closely during the second half of the year to ensure that schemes completed by the end of the financial year are delivered per agreed time and costs and to minimise the slippage into 2014/15. Departmental representatives will examine and confirm any action necessary to ensure that effective use of resources and successful completion of schemes is achieved.

6.0 HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT

- 6.1 The Housing Revenue Account (HRA) relates to the operation of the Council's housing stock and can be viewed as a landlord account. It is required by statute to be accounted for separately within the General Fund and is therefore effectively ringfenced.
- 6.2 The latest estimates show a projected surplus (working balance carried forward) of £1.000m at the end of 2013/14. The projected outturn shows a working balance carried forward of £0.927m. See Appendix B.
- 6.3 There are a number of variations that contribute to the projected outturn position however there are no areas where the variance exceeds 10% and £50k.
- 6.4 The two main impacts on the HRA year end balance are normally **void levels** and the **level of rent arrears**, but levels of **Right to Buy sales** can also be a major influence on the resources available.

Voids:

The rent loss due to voids for April to September was on average 1.83% compared to a void target level set in the original budget of 1.8%. If this level continues for the rest of the year there would be a reduction in rental income of around £0.009m; the projection of rental income in Appendix B has been calculated on this basis.

Six Town Housing have established a 'Voids Team' which brings together existing staff to focus on improving performance.

Arrears:

The rent arrears at the end of September totalled £0.898m, an increase of 10.1% since the end of March. Of this total £0.290m relates to former tenants and £0.608m relates to current tenants.

The Council is required to make a provision for potential bad debts. The contribution for the year is calculated with reference to the type of arrear, the amount outstanding on each individual case and the balance remaining in the provision following write off of debts.

The 2013/14 HRA estimates contain two provisions, £0.181m for uncollectable debts and £0.422m to reflect the potential impact that welfare benefit changes could have on the level of rent arrears.

The assessment of the impact of benefit changes is ongoing and the method of calculating the contribution required is being reviewed therefore the projected outturn has not been amended at this stage.

Right to Buy Sales:

Sales of dwellings declined significantly in recent years, from a peak of 243 in 2003/04 to only 7 sales in 2009/10. There were 18 sales in 2010/11, 12 in 2011/12 and 13 last year.

The forecast for 2013/14 was set at 37, this being the level of sales assumed for Bury in the Government's self–financing valuation.

From April 2012 the maximum Right to Buy discount increased from £26,000 to £75,000.

The number of sales has a direct effect on the resources available to the HRA – the average full year rent loss for each dwelling sold is around £3,700.

6.5 There have been 19 sales in the period April to September and it is now expected that the total number of sales for 2013/14 will be at or near the level forecast. The level of applications and sales continues to be monitored and the rental income projections will be revised at the end of the third quarter if sales are expected to significantly vary from the forecast.

7.0 PRUDENTIAL INDICATOR MONITORING

7.1 It is a statutory duty for the Council to determine and keep under review the "Affordable Borrowing Limits". The authority's approved Prudential Indicators (affordability limits) for 2013/14 is outlined in the approved Treasury Management Strategy Statement.

7.2 The authority continues to monitor the Prudential Indicators on a quarterly basis and Appendix C shows the original estimates for 2013/14 (approved by Council on 20 February 2013) with the revised projections as at 30th September 2013. The variances can be seen in the Appendix together with explanatory notes. The Prudential Indicators were not breached during the first three months of 2013/14.

8.0 TREASURY MANAGEMENT

8.1 Investments:

At the 30th September 2013 the Council's investments totalled £48.2 million and comprised:-

Type of Investment	£ Million
Call Investments (Cash equivalents)	38.6
Fixed Investments (Short term investments)	9.6
Total	48.2

All investments were made in line with Sector's suggested credit worthiness matrices and the approved limits within the Annual Investment Strategy were not breached during the first quarter of 2013/14.

The Council has earned the following return on investments:

Quarter 1 0.95% Quarter 2 0.83%

This figure is higher than Sector's suggested budgeted investment earnings rate for returns on investments, placed for periods up to three months in 2013/14, of 0.50%

8.2 Borrowing:

8.2.1 No new external borrowing was undertaken in the quarter to 30th September 2013. At 30th September 2013 the Council's debts totalled £209.694 million and comprised:-

	30 th September 2013		
	Prin	Principal	
	£′000	£′000	Rate
Fixed rate			
PWLB Bury	153,862		
PWLB Airport	4,829		
Market Bury	46,000	204,691	
Variable rate funding	9		
PWLB Bury	0		
Market Bury	0	0	
Temporary Loans / Bonds	5,003	5,003	
		200 604	4.43%
Total Debt		209,694	4.45%

8.2.2 The overall strategy for 2013/14 is to finance capital expenditure by running down cash/investment balances and taking shorter term borrowing rather than more

expensive longer term loans. With the reduction of cash balances the level of short term investments will fall. Given that investment returns are likely to remain low for the financial year 2013/14, then savings will be made by running down investments and taking shorter term loans rather than more expensive long term borrowing.

8.2.3 It is anticipated that further borrowing will be undertaken during this financial year.

9.0 MINIMUM LEVEL OF BALANCES

9.1 The actual position on the General Fund balance is shown in the following table:

	£m
General Fund Balance 31 March 2013 per Accounts	10.730
Less: Minimum balances to be retained in 2013/14 Less: Contribution towards cost of Equal Pay Less: Forecast overspend	-4.400 -1.500 -0.696
Available balances at 1 April 2013	4.134

- 9.2 Based on the information contained in this report, on the risk assessments that have been made at both corporate and strategic level, on the outturn position for 2013/14 and using information currently to hand on the likely achievement of savings options, it is clear that there is no reason to take the minimum level of balances above the existing level of £4.400m.
- 9.3 In light of the above assessment it is recommended that the minimum level of balances be retained at **£4.400m**.
- 9.4 Members are advised that using available balances to fund ongoing expenditure would be a breach of the Council's Golden Rules. Likewise, Members are advised that the Authority faces significant funding reductions in the future, and balances are likely to be required to fund one-off costs of service transformation.

10.0 EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY

10.1 There are no specific equality and diversity implications.

11.0 FUTURE ACTIONS

- 11.1 Budget monitoring reports will continue to be presented to the Strategic Leadership Team on a monthly basis and on a quarterly basis to the Cabinet; Overview & Scrutiny Committee; and Audit Committee.
- 11.2 Q1 Star Chamber meetings have already taken place. Star Chambers have been diarised for Quarters 2 & 3 with Q2 meetings scheduled to take place throughout November 2013.

Councillor John Smith, Deputy Leader of the Council and Cabinet Member for Finance & Corporate Affairs

List of Background Papers:-

Finance Working Papers, 2013/14 held by the Assistant Director of Resources (Finance & Efficiency).

Contact Details:-

Steve Kenyon, Assistant Director of Resources (Finance & Efficiency), Tel. 0161 253 6922, E-mail: <u>S.Kenyon@bury.gov.uk</u>